

The Chauvin Chronicle

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CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

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H. E. Spencer's Speech In House Of Commons On \$300,000,000 Refunding Loan, And Enlarging Committee Powers To Consider A Federal Reserve Bank

Following are the speeches delivered by H. E. Spencer, M.P., in the house of commons debates at Ottawa, June 1st and 2nd on the \$300,000,000 refunding loan and enlarging powers of banking and commerce committee to consider the establishment of a federal reserve bank.

"Mr Chairman, my sympathies go out sincerely to the Acting Minister of finance. I appreciate that he has probably the most trying portfolio in the gift of the government: he is responsible for all monies paid out and for all monies coming in. It is for that reason that such debates as we are engaged in to-day are, in my opinion, the most important that can come before this house, and I am very sorry indeed to hear the hon. member for Marquette (Mr. Crerar) say that we are wasting time. All over the world debts are growing very rapidly. Europe, to-day is in an awful condition financially, and only two countries are really holding their heads above water. France, as you know, with a national debt of sixty billion dollars, has a national debt of sixty-eight billion dollars.

There has been some criticism of suggestions put forward in the way that are termed the unorthodox course of this discussion. When similar suggestions were put forward two years ago many members walked out of the house. To-day I am glad to see greater interest in these suggestions, and I congratulate those members who have given them a very fair hearing. We can make a great mistake in being too orthodox; there comes a time when you have got to be a little unorthodox and explore new means and ways of doing things. If five hundred years ago people had discussed in parliament such things as the flying machine, the telephone, the gramophone, radio and other wonderful discoveries which we have now, they would have been placed in asylums or in prisons. We have been following on certain lines of orthodox finances for a long time; to-day there is a very large school of thought throughout the world which realizes that the orthodox school of finance has got to go.

There is not the slightest reason why when this matter is brought forward even the acting minister of finance should refer to our suggestions as Russianizing our currency, nor is there any reason why other hon. gentlemen should refer to them as wild-cat schemes. The minister does not seem to realize that the small group in this house who are putting forward these suggestions are his best friends. Unfortunately he does not appear to think so. But coming back to the main question, I understand that to-day the annual interest on

our national war debts amounts to just about as much as the entire yearly cost of running the country previous to the war. That is something we have to recognize as a very serious matter to consider. I was much pleased with the way the hon. member for Red Deer, (Mr. Speakman), handled the subject a few minutes ago. This country is suffering under a tremendous load of taxation, and one of the reasons is that we have to-day bonds issued exempt from taxation to the amount of \$931,512,900. It is because of these things that we are very anxious to help the acting finance minister cut down expense and get money cheaper if possible. The acting finance minister may not wish to accept some of the suggestions put forward this afternoon and this evening, and I do not blame him for not accepting them right off. But I have something to suggest that is along more orthodox lines which I trust he will consider. He led the house to believe this afternoon that the loan that is going to be made will carry interest at 5 to 5 3/4 per cent.

Mr. Robb: No.

Mr. Spencer: I shall be glad to be corrected if I am wrong.

Mr. Robb: I made no such statement as to the rate of interest.

Mr. Spencer: Does the minister expect to get it at less than 5?

Mr. Robb: I do.

Mr. Spencer: I am glad to hear that. Possibly he does not expect

to get it at less than 3 1/2. I was therefore going to suggest that we have an excellent way of getting money at 3 1/2 per cent, probably as much as the government wishes if he cared to offer 3 1/2 per cent—or, if the minister wishes, 4 per cent—through the post office savings. Why not throw the gates open as it were, and let the money come in, with the guarantee of the government, thus obviating the necessity of issuing bonds, the country would be saved many thousands of dollars in interest, perhaps millions.

I was glad to see the ex-finance minister (Sir Henry Drayton) take part in this debate to-night. He has seen fit not to take part in these debates for the last two years, though he knows a great deal more about this subject than I think he cares to give the house. I regretted the suggestion he made that anyone thought for a moment of issuing paper to pay for a two billion dollar indebtedness at once—the whole thing is absurd.

I would like to quote a few lines from a speech made by the Hon. Reginald McKenna, of London, England. He said:

"If banks increased their loans and investments, the results would be to increase the aggregate amount of their deposits but to add nothing to their cash resources."

I quote that because the statement I made this afternoon was not accepted. I think, by some

hon. members. Referring to the meaning and importance of monetary policy, he said:

"One man may tell you to increase it indefinitely, and keep trade booming, but if you do, the prices will soar indefinitely. You will first suffer innumerable social evils, and finally the extreme depreciation of your currency will greatly impair your power to trade."

That, of course, was the case in some of the European countries.

"Someone else will urge you to reduce the amount of money, and bring down prices to pre-war level, or to such other arbitrary level as he happens to think is the right one."

That was done in this country, with this result—I quote from Mr. McKenna again:

"Yes, and trade will remain depressed, and unemployment will be with you all the time. Moreover, the burden of the national debt with the higher value of money will become intolerable, and no chancellor of the exchequer will be able to balance his budget."

"I think it will be generally accepted that if the price level be unchanged, an increase of the volume of trade will require an increase in the volume of bank credit and currency; that is to say, of money."

I quote these few words because I think it is just as well when hon. members deal with this subject in

a rather unorthodox way that we should be able to place before the house quotations from men in such high positions as the Hon. Mr. Reginald McKenna as one supporting the views we hold.

FEDERAL RESERVE BANK

July 2, 1924.
Mr. Spencer: Mr. Speaker, the hon. member for Lethbridge (Mr. Vica) in criticizing the suggestion of a central bank of rediscount referred to the evidence of several gentlemen who were before the banking and commerce committee a year ago and pointed out that they rather criticized the suggestions then made. These same gentlemen in giving evidence before the banking and commerce committee at that time also stated that Canada had the best banking system in the world; that depositors were no doubt absolutely secured and that the banks were on a sound basis. I have only to refer the history of such banks as the Home, Hamilton, Banque Nationale, and others of which we all know institutions that have been through very trying times since those statements were made. I simply mention that to show that if those gentlemen were wrong in the second statement they made, they probably were wrong in the first.

The acting minister of finance, (Mr. Robb), mentioned that a very thorough study was made of

(Continued on page five)

Representing Canada at Olympiad.



Toronto Rowing men and Swimmers sailing on the Canadian Pacific S.S. Minnedosa for the Olympic games included, back row from left to right, J.M.S. Kingston, manager of the rowing eight; R.S. Hunter, No. 5; W. Langford, No. 6; A.A. Bell, No. 7; W.L. Wallace, Stroke; W.L. Thompson, spare. Tommy Walker, Turner Chapman. Front row—M.W. Taylor, Bow; H.B. Little, No. 2; Mrs. Loudon, who with her husband, Prof. T.F. Loudon of Toronto University is accompanying the rowing eight; J.D.S. Smith, No. 3; W.B. Sayder, No. 4; J. Campbell, coxswain.



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H. E. SPENCER, M.P., ADVOCATES SAVINGS BANK DEVELOPEMENT TO RAISE GOVERNMENT FUNDS

(Continued from page one)

these questions a year ago. That is correct, but unfortunately, although we took a lot of evidence in the committee on various sides of this financial question, nothing has been done, no action has been taken with respect to the same.

Mr. Good: Did any discussion take place in the committee last year on the proposals submitted by the hon. member for Vancouver South (Mr. Ladner)? I do not remember any.

Mr. Spencer: The only evidence that was given by the hon. member for Vancouver South.

In the remarks that I shall make this afternoon I wish largely to review the question of note issue. The issue of bank notes is referred to in section 61, sub-section 2, of the Bank Act: Banks are allowed to issue up to the amount of their paid-up capital as a special privilege to those corporations. This was at one time thought to be sufficient for the means of exchange. However, the business of the country has so increased we have had to find other means of increasing the issue of notes. The first extension that I can find was made in 1908, when the banks were allowed during the crop season to issue extra notes to an amount equal to fifteen per cent of their paid-up capital and reserve between the months of October and January. Later they found this was not sufficient, and the time was extended from September 1st

to February 29th. This is quite a privilege to the banks. One will find upon looking up the figures for 1922 that the banks in that year had paid-up capital amounting to \$125,500,000 and reserves of \$129,500,000. It therefore meant they had privilege of issuing extra notes to an amount equivalent to over thirty per cent of their paid-up capital. I am commenting on this only to show that as business increased in the country we had to find some means of getting a larger medium of exchange in the matter of note issue.

I would like to refer, however, to the year 1904, when the paid-up capital in comparison to the assets amounted to 11 per cent. Twenty years afterwards we find it only amounts to 4 per cent; in other words, as business increased the ratio of capital to assets decreased. Other means also had to be found to create a sufficient medium of exchange, and in 1913 the central gold reserve was started. The central gold reserve, according to one of the men who had a great deal to do with starting it, was never intended to be anything else than a gold reserve where the gold could be placed and notes issued against it. But the use of the gold reserve has wandered a long way out of that path since that time. In 1914 the Finance Act was passed, which made it possible for the banks to bring certain securities to the Treasury board and obtain Dominion notes against them for a charge of 5 or 6 per cent. A lot of these notes were issued in large lots to facilitate in their exchanges, but a large quantity was taken to the central gold reserve and placed there so that against it they could issue their own paper. We were informed in the banking and commerce committee a year ago that the reason they wished to issue their own paper instead of issuing Dominion paper was because of the matter of advertising. We have to-day in the central gold reserve, in round figures, some \$9,000,000 of gold and \$56,000,000 in notes or paper. In other words, as a well-known banker who made his name famous in Canada some years ago, stated to me, it was really more of a gilded reserve than a gold reserve.

Regarding the quality of the securities left with the Treasury Board I would like to quote an answer given to the hon. member for Bow River (Mr. Garland), in 1922: "Notes to the amount of \$87,115,075 were issued to the banks as advances under the Finance Act 1924, and secured by the deposit of securities approved by the treasury board, including Dominion of Canada bonds and treasury bills, bonds of the provinces of Canada and Canadian municipalities, British Columbia treasury bills, Canadian Northern company notes, certain industrial bonds and stock assignments of grain and produce and demand notes of commercial houses endorsed by the banks to the order of the minister of finance."

You will notice that two of the items in this list were Dominion (Continued on page seven)

ON THE BEACH AT MANITOU



LONG before the paleface came to the broad and rolling prairies, the Red man knew and appreciated the curative properties of Little Lake Manitou, which is located near Watrous, Saskatchewan, on the main line of the Canadian National Railways. And the first white settlers who came, in advance of the railways, to settle on their homesteads in and around Watrous, soon learned of this lake with its highly mineralized waters, so that Little Lake Manitou had its reputation made when the first settlers reached the country.

Today thousands of residents of prairie cities find Little Lake Manitou an ideal watering place, and

excursions are run from time to time over the Canadian National Railways from Saskatoon and other cities to provide citizens with a means of reaching this delightful spot.

The waters of Little Lake Manitou are so highly mineralized that the swimmer finds no difficulty in floating on their surface and at the same time their mineral qualities are health-giving in their action. With a good sandy beach for the kiddies to play on, and water chutes and other enjoyment features erected for their entertainment, Little Lake Manitou has become the ideal picnic spot for the dwellers in the central region of Saskatchewan.

A new spring dress causes a woman to walk with an elastic step.

Little girls should never tell stories. They are apt to grow up and become novelists.

He who lives for self and self alone is a most successful failure.

Most people wouldn't want their own way if they could have it.

Forty-two tons of the world's estimated stock of forty-two tons of diamonds, more than three-fourths have been taken from African diamond mines in the last forty years.

Family trees are more or less shady.

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Rural Municipality Of Manitou Lake Council Meeting; Minutes

Meeting of the Rural Municipality Council of Manitou Lake, held at the Hall, Marshden, Sask., on the 31st day of July 1924.

Present: Reeve Berry; Cirs Plewman, Wells, Lawson, Smith, Mitchell, and Bradley (all).

The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

-Lashburn Union Hospital: Plewman; That C. R. Bradley be appointed as the representative of R. M. 442 on the Board of the Lashburn Union Hospital. Carried.

Destruction of Records: The secretary was asked to destroy all old records now needed, up to the end of 1915.

Fencing Road: It was moved that S. R. Swindell be allowed to fence the roadway east of the N. E. 14: 44: 28: 3rd. Carried.

Refund: Plewman; That we make a refund of penalty to Joe Cloughton to the amount of \$4.87. Carried.

Road Diversions: Lawson; That we guarantee to the Dept of High-

ways compensation for all diversions made in this rural municipality.

R. R. Crossings: The secretary was asked to write the assistant engineer of the C. P. R. re road crossings.

Weeds: The secretary was asked to notify the C.P.R. authority regarding weeds on the right of way.

Main Roads: The following resolution was put and carried: Resolved that the line of the main highway as between Arltand and Marshden - Lashburn be altered in part as follows, that it run east of 2; 11; 14; 23; 26; 36 and north of 36; in township 45: range 27; and north of 31; 32; in township 45; range 26; all west of the third meridian.

Culverts: The secretary was asked to send for two eight inch culvert forms with extra bottom rings.

Assessment Appeal: The report of the secretary regarding the assessment appeal of C. P. R. vs.

R. M. 442, was presented and approval was given of the action of the secretary in this appeal.

Unity Meeting: The secretary reported regarding the meeting held at Unity regarding the Hospital.

A number of bills were passed for payment.

Moved to adjourn.

The next meeting will be held at Marshden on the 13th day of August 1924.

"Politeness costs nothing!"
"Try putting 'Yours very respectfully, etc.', at the end of a telegram."

"Daddy! Do you love me still?"
"Yes, dear, but you never are."

A tax on gossip—if we could collect it—would go a long way to paying off the National Debt.

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STRIPPED COTTONADE OVERALLS, G.W.G.	2.85
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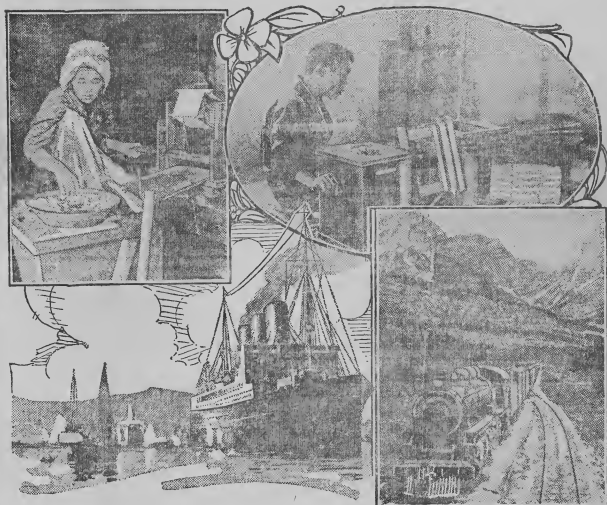
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Stolen Eggs and the Silk Trade



Above—Reeling silk in the Flowery Kingdom. Below—An Empress liner loading silk at Yokohama and a Canadian Pacific silk special passing through the Rockies.

Production of silk dates far into antiquity, and for ages the manner of its production was kept secret. Up to the sixth century A.D. all raw silk was imported into Europe from China, but the Byzantine Emperor Justinian induced two monks to travel into China to procure silk worm eggs and though the export of them was punishable by death, these monks succeeded in bringing back a quantity concealed in the hollows of their phylaxia staves.

From Byzantium, silk cultivation spread into Greece and Syria, thence into Spain, and thence successively into Sicily, Naples, Northern Italy and France, being established in Italy in the sixteenth century.

Various determined attempts have been made, principally between the years 1622 and 1839 to establish the silk industry in America, resulting at one time in a not inconsiderable production, but the excessive cost of the labor involved in the rearing of the worms and in the reeling of the raw silk from the cocoons as compared with the trifling cost of such labor in Europe and Asia, has rendered it impossible to produce raw silk at commercial prices in this continent.

Most of the silk imported to America comes from Japan, Italy and China where, also, the humidity of the atmosphere contributes no little to the success of the industry in those countries. The greatest importation is from the Flowery Kingdom, and this mostly in the raw-silk form as it is reeled from the cocoons. The silk is valuable. In one consignment of a few hundred bales, hundreds of thousands of dollars are tied up, and for this reason, that no time may be lost in making up the raw material and placing the finished goods upon the market, the product of the little silk

worm is given transportation facilities which few other commodities enjoy. The bales of skeins are stowed carefully in the vessels which transport them across the Pacific, and in such a manner that they can be speedily and safely discharged upon arrival at the Canadian or American port. No time is lost. Special trains made up of passenger baggage equipment await the arrival of the vessel if it docks at Vancouver as do the Empress liners of the Canadian Pacific, and once the valuable cargo has been sealed into the cars the train proceeds towards its destination, often making better time than the regular passenger trains.

For the reason that the route is more direct, many silk dealers in New York, where much of the silk is destined, consider their shipments via Canada and during the past few months many interesting time records have been made over Canadian Pacific lines.

On March 22nd, the "Empress of Asia" sailed from Yokohama carrying the largest consignment of silk to be forwarded from the Orient for some time. The silk was specially stowed for prompt despatch on arrival at Vancouver, and from the time the steamer docked, until the special train to New York left, there was a lapse of time of only thirteen and one-half minutes per car.

The silk was delivered in New York about midnight April 4th, the through time from Yokohama to New York being 13 days, 8 hours, and 15 minutes, calendar time. This constituted a record run as far as freight traffic is concerned, but passenger traffic is handled as readily by this company, a 21 day Europe to Orient service via St. John, N.B., or the St. Lawrence route being regularly maintained.



L. D'ALBERTANSON, Editor & Proprietor, Alberta Press & Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association

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Editorial Comment

The editor being human, is susceptible to feelings like all mankind, and takes some courage from a number of indications that he is not alone in "boosting" his district as one suitable for permanent residence. It is somewhat discouraging at times to be constantly repelling the idea that the "district is no good" and that "everything is going to the dogs." And though the real fact is entirely different it is quite a nerve-racking task to present constructive arguments to the contrary.

As one good neighbour put it the other day that too many of us

come to this country with the sole idea to make a stake and then pull out. In consequence we have, as an whole forgotten to make homes of our farms, we have neglected our buildings, we have not made things more convenient for our women to work, we have not encouraged the home idea in our children. At the same time we have not made our fortunes, and been able to leave for that "somewhere where we can live happy ever after." In consequence we are disappointed and dissatisfied. Meanwhile we have had a good living, plenty to eat, enough to wear; and it is largely because of our mismanagement we have not better homes.

Too many of us have been striving to make a fortune at the wheat gamble, throwing all our eggs into that basket and leaving other profitable farming practices and home-building in the discard. Too many acres in cultivation has been the rock upon which most have been wrecked. Instead of, as we had hoped, built foundations for fortunes on.

Every one of the farmers who have travelled this, and last year, have come back home with the same message. In varying phraseology they all say. This district is as good as most, we can do as well here as anywhere else.

Forget all about making a stake. Study the science of the game. Don't work so hard—work better. Make things more home-like.

Our federal member is on the right track when he urges the government savings bank system should be developed. So thorough has been the silence maintained by the departments which operate the savings bank, and also the annuity scheme, that hardly one person in an hundred knows that these are in operation.

The problem of the government is to find easy ways to raise the big amounts that are now necessary, and it is natural that they first seek the lines of least resistance in so doing. Thus they look to the big financiers, and construct an elaborate system of interlocking credits that pass as cash—the orthodox methods, we are told.

It is neither easy, nor safe to dispose of these "orthodox methods" in a ruthless or destructive manner, but surely more attention should be given to constructive methods that can be developed with ever increasing profit to the government and at the same time to the nation at large.

The old fashioned habit of saving is of greater importance today than ever, although it does seem to be less popular now than at any time. Not alone is it of primary importance to every individual to have what finance

iers term a "liquid asset" and what our grandfathers called a "nest-egg"; but it is of great importance now-a-days that every citizen become more and more of a "capitalist" in order that the structure of our economic system may be stabilized.

History has amply demonstrated that the real wealth of a nation and its greatest financial stability depends not upon the larger number of small wealth owners, and it is a matter of national prudence to Canada that, in her national financing, she take full cognizance of the necessity of encouraging the habit of small savings by the majority of her people.

Card Of Thanks

We wish to thank our friends and neighbours for their kindness in helping during the recent summer following "bee" organized on our behalf by Mr. John Dallyn.

MR. & MRS. C. TIZZARD

Card Of Thanks

We wish to thank our friends and neighbors for their kindness in attending the surprise party given to us on the occasion of the celebration of our Golden Wedding anniversary of good wishes 1924, and for the many expressions of good wishes to us.

MR & MRS A. J. NYSETVOLD

Chauvin Board Of Health Hold Emergent Meeting

A special meeting of the Chauvin Board of Health was held in H. N. Freeman's office at one p.m. on Saturday, July 26th present: A. E. Keith, A. Herbert, D. W. Parcels and the medical officer, H. G. Folkens; and T. H. Saul representing the municipal district of Ribstone.

The medical officer reported that three children of Oliver St. Pierre were ill with infantile paralysis, and as Mr. St. Pierre was delivering milk in the village it would be advisable to stop this source of milk supply until such time as the quarantine was lifted.

Moved by Clrs Parcels and Herbert that the medical health

officer be instructed to do his duty and the board of health would support him. Carried.

Moved by Clrs Parcels and Herbert that Mr. St. Pierre be allowed to come to the village of Chauvin to get his supplies, but not to leave his rig, otherwise the quarantine to be carried out in full. Carried.

Moved by Clrs Herbert and Parcels that all person or persons before offering milk or cream within the limits of the village of Chauvin must show a certificate of having their cows free from disease and tested with the tuberculin test by a veterinary doctor. Carried.

Meeting adjourned.

Basketball Notes

The Chauvin Basketball team journeyed to Macklin Wednesday, July 23rd, and took part in the tournament. The first game they drew was with their old opponents, Salvador, who they were successful in defeating, after a well contested game, with the heavy end of a 5-15 score. Their second game was of an easier character and they inflicted a heavy defeat upon the Haytor team. The last game proved the best of the day, in which Provost showed great development in their play during the present season. Chauvin played well, but felt the lack of their defense in Miss Cahill, who was unfortunately absent. The game resulted in a victory for Provost on a 10-13 score.

X: "That man says a dishonest dollar has never passed through his hands."

Y: "Got if he could help it; he's always held on to it."

Reception Clerk: "The hotel is so crowded, sir, that the best we can do is to put you in the same room as the proprietor."

Visitor: "That's all right; just put my valuables in the safe."

Hubby: "And so you are the lady who is giving my wife painting lessons? What sort of a pupil is she?"
The Lady: "Well I find her very apt, to say the least."
"That's funny, I always find her very apt to say the most!"

Local Crop Report

Cloudy but rainless weather prevailed during the past few days and the coolness has been of some advantage in saving the crops from entire destruction. A great number of fields will only give a yield of some five bushels to the acre whilst others are in somewhat better shape and may yet yield some ten bushels. Here and there may be found exceptional fields that may even give as much as eighteen, but they are few and far between. It is not safe to place a general estimate for the district at higher than seven bushels to the acre, and quite possibly six will prove the correct figure.

Smithers: "Mabel drives her car, so does her dad— aunt mother and two brothers."

Withers: "Who has it most of the time?"

"The garage man."

Little Bessie (out shopping): "Oh, mother, just see that man! He hasn't a hair on his head. Isn't it sad?"

Mother: "Hush. He will hear you!"

Bessie: "Oh, doesn't he know it?"

Newsboy: "Great mystery! Fifty victims!"

Passer-by: Here, boy, I'll take one. (After reading a mop-up is she?)
The Lady: "Well I find her very apt, to say the least."
"That's the mystery, gov'nor. You're the fifty-first victim!"

Real Savings

Peanut Butter	25c
St. Charles Milk, 2 tins	25c
Carnation Milk, 7 tins	\$1.00
Loganberries	6 pkts \$1.00
Prunes	5 lb box 60c
Sweet Pickles	tin 50c
Corned Beef	tin 25c
Red Salmon	tin 25c
Potato Flour	2 pkts 25c
Pork & Beans	7 tins \$1.00
Peas	5 tins 90c
Corn	5 tins 90c
Tomatoes	5 tins 95c
Sardines	7 tins 50c
Fels Naptha Soap, box	85c
Blue Ribbon Tea, per lb	65c
Salt, Coarse	50lbs 95c
Salt, Blocks	50 lbs 95c

C. G. FORRYAN

Phone No. 23

Chauvin, Alberta

LODGE MEMBERS PAY FINAL HONORS AT FUNERAL OF MR. D. E. CAHILL; MANY ATTEND

The district was greatly shocked last week to learn of the unfortunate accident to Mr. D. E. Cahill which resulted in his death the following day. The deceased was lifting a fresno seaper when his foot slipped causing serious internal injuries. Dr. Polkins and Dr. Mellings attended the deceased and were indefatigable in their efforts to save Mr. Cahill's life. The nature of the injuries were of such nature however, that human skill could not prevent the death which occurred Wednesday evening July 23rd.

There was a large crowd present to pay their final honors and respects at the funeral of Mr. D. E. Cahill last Thursday after-

noon, July 23rd. A most impressive service was conducted by Rev. W. MacKenzie, who made touching reference to the excellent character of the deceased as a father in the home, and as a good citizen, who was always ready to lend a helping hand in the community.

The procession to the cemetery was a very lengthy one, there being a fleet of heavily loaded cars followed by a corresponding number of rigs. At the graveside the final honors were paid by the members of the Chauvin Oddfellows and Masonic Lodges. Floral tributes from the Westminster Ladies Auxiliary, the Oddfellows, and Masons, and from Miss Richardson decorated the coffin.

Mr. K. W. Coe has added a kitchen to his residence.

We are glad to report that the two appendicitis patients, Leonard Lambert and J. Murray are both making good progress towards recovery.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert are taking a summer auto trip to Lloydminster and other points north and west.

Mr. W. O. Harris, of Prosperity, has returned from a 400 mile tour through Central Alberta, in which he was accompanied by Mrs. Harris. He comes back fact that this district is doing better than most of those points he visited.

Mrs. W. MacKenzie is around again after her recent illness.

Razmah for summer colds, hay-fever and asthma. 1.00 per box at The Chauvin Pharmacy.

A very hearty reception was accorded to Mr. and Mrs. Shea on their arrival at Chauvin last Saturday evening. In fact they were blocked in the traffic at the intersection of Main and Second for several minutes before they hosts Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Pareels.

In order to add to the attractions of the Chauvin fair day, Mr. riches will show his pictures at Chauvin on Tuesday instead of Monday next week.

A number of local farmers are visiting the Lloydminster fair this week.

A party, consisting of Messrs Ed. Ripley; Roy Copeland; Chas. Murray and Al. Umbae of Edgerton, were visitors to Chauvin last Thursday evening.

Mr. I. Neil has recently finished an extension to his residence.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Alex Bennett, Sunday July 27th, a son. Mother and child doing well.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. W. Swan, Monday July 25th, a son. Mother and child doing well.

Miss Annie L. Ross, of North Broomhill, Aberdeenshire, became the bride of Mr. Andrew Petrie, at Huntly, Aberdeenshire Scotland, July 18th. "Andie's" many friends in this district wish him and his bride a long and happy married life.

The new room for the Chauvin vin school is rapidly approaching completion. School will reopen on August 25th with a new staff of teachers. The following appointments having been made, Miss Todd, high school, Miss Code intermediate; and Miss Douglas, primary.

Is there a single person at the who is going to stay away from the I.O.O.F. hall when it is announced that the world's greatest classic, the Derby, at Epsom Downs, will be shown in its entirety, with no less a combination than Papyrus, England's master horse, with the premier jockey of England, Donoghue, on his back. Of course this is a foolish enquiry. The race appears in "Son of Kissing Cup," the fea-

ture. And with this picture comes the most beautiful female screen star in the British Isles, Violet Hopson, opposite whom will be seen handsomen Stewart Rome. A most brilliant support cast has been selected to portray various roles among whom will appear Lewis Gilbert, J. Fraiser Bob Vallis, Arthur Walcott, Jud Green, Cameron Carr and Mrs. Hayden Coffin.

We were pleased to note yesterday that John Murray had recovered sufficiently to take a trip to town.

John Murray is erecting a fine new residence. This looks fine in hard times like these, and indicates very plainly that this country is well worth while for permanent residence.

The Chauvin baseball team suffered defeat at the hands of Luseland, a strong aggregation, at the Macklin sports last Wednesday.

Burly Husband: "Woman, I can read you like a book." Little Wife: "That may be. But you can't shut me up."

Temperance Reformer: "Our party would have been a great success if only our leading speaker had not forgotten himself." Friend: "Why, what did he do?"

"Well, before he drank his glass of water he tried to blow the foam off the top."

Wedding Bells

SHEA-PECK

Sodney. Man: A very pretty wedding was solemnized on July 19th, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peck, when their youngest daughter, Bertha Agnes became the bride of Mr. Harold Shea, of Chauvin, Alta. The bride who was given away by her father, was attractively gowned in white cotton crepe and carried a bouquet of bridal roses.

Rev. John A. Beattie of Austin, Man., performed the ceremony, after which the Wedding March was played by the bride's cousin, Miss Beatrice Peck.

Following the ceremony a reception was held at the home of the brides parents. The table streamers and cut flowers. Mr. and Mrs. Shea left on the evening train for their home in Chauvin, visiting western points en route. The bride travelled in a sand cation dress with wrap and hat to match.

Among those present were Miss Alice Harvey of Transcona, Man., Miss Eleanor Boyce and Mr. Hugh Boyce of Etna Creek, Man.

Mrs. Snappy: "I made the dentist extract that tooth to-day." Snappy: "Happy tooth!" Mrs. Snappy: "What do you mean?" "It is now out of reach of your tongue."

Local Items Of Interest To All

A number of the Airline farmers turned out to a plowing bee. We hope to give full particulars next week.

A meeting of the M.D. Ribstone council will be held at 2 p.m. August 2nd.

Dr. StJean has been busy this week testing cows with the tuberculin test.

Mr. E. A. Pitman, we notice, was able to come to town Saturday.

Salt Lake is certainly increasing in popularity. Some eighteen cars arrived from Provost and south points last Sunday; and also a large number from other parts of the district.

Mrs. A. McSparran gained two second prizes at the Edmonton fair with knitted socks and mitts.

Much sympathy is felt for Mr. and Mrs. O. Z. StPierre and family. Three of their children having fallen sick during the past week. Rodger, Albert and George, the last two suffering from infantile paralysis. The family are under strict quarantine and the case is being watched with great care.

Red salmon at Saker's 15c. per can.

Mr. Alex Simpson was overcome by the heat at the funeral of Mr. Cahill and had to receive medical attention from Dr. Polkins.

Repairs

We are putting in more than our usual stock of repairs and will be in a position to give you the best best service possible. In order to make this service 100 per cent we would ask you to check up your needs and ORDER NOW.

Twine

Our Carload of Twine will arrive this week. Kindly let us know as nearly as possible what you will require

Your Co-operation will be to our mutual advantage. Yours for BETTER SERVICE

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Phone 14

CHAUVIN, Alberta

FIRE

Prospective Employer: "So you get a year off for good behaviour?"

Applicant: "Yes, sir, you see I didn't steal a thing while I was in goal."

A dollar in the bank is worth fifty in the bucket-shop.

Bill says: "A kicker is seldom as much right as he is wrong."

Lumber FOR ALL PURPOSES



No matter whether you require only a small quantity for repairs around the buildings, or in larger quantities, we are prepared to give you the best of materials at moderate price

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FRESH KILLED VEAL & RK
Cured Hams, lb 28s Halibut, per lb . 25c
Cured Bacon, lb 30c Salmon, per lb . 30c

—PROVISIONS—

Big Value Low Prices on Fruit
In Prunes
5 lb Carton . . . 60c Apricots, per can 25c
25 lb Boxes . . . 2.90 Plums, per can . 20c
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Enamelware

We have a New Shipment of
BLUE & WHITE ENAMELLED WARE
This is a Three-Coated Enamelled Ware
Robin Egg Blue Outside. White Inside

Dish Pans Water Pails
Wash Dishes Preserving Kettles
Berlin Kettles Pudding Pans

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CHAUVIN ALBERTA

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM THE SCOTT EXPERIMENTAL STATION

DRY AND WET CYCLES

The average precipitation recorded at the meteorological station at Battleford for the month of June for a twenty-one year period (1890 - 1911) was three and one-half inches. During the following nine years the June precipitation was one inch and three quarters.

Records at the Scott station have only been kept for the last fourteen years, the June precipitation averaging slightly over two inches.

It is quoted to show that the prairie sections are now passing through a cycle of dry seasons that according to the law of averages should be succeeded by a period of moister years.

DRESSING POULTRY FOR MARKETING

In marketing dressed poultry it is important that they be properly killed and trussed. Birds properly prepared will sell more readily and bring a better price than where they are marketed without

special attention being paid to best marketing methods.

Bulletin No. 88 on "Preparing Poultry Products for Market" should be in the hands of every poultry man. For free copies write the Experimental Farm, Scott.

HILLING POTATOES

Hilling potatoes prevents sunburn and decreases the damage that may occur from early frosts. The experiments conducted on the Scott Station go to show that in dry years hilling decreases the yield considerably. Where the potatoes are to left until late in the season late hilling may be advisable.

Our Short Story Our Sorrows

The following article appeared in the Calgary Albertan a few days ago, and relates some of the incidents in the life of the old timer.

But we had our sorrows as well as our homely joy and destiny cheer." Nobody was very rich and no one very poor, and there seemed to prevail a sort of Christian communism; we helped one another.

Did a new settler build a house? We had a bee. Was one sick? Someone felt it a duty, to set up with him and do his chores. Did some one die? some neighbor performed the last and greatest of duties. We didn't care much for theology, but just helped to one another's burdens.

The wet years were 1899 and a number of succeeding years. The rivers were swift and full to overflowing in the latter part of June and to the middle of July. Bridges here few and miles apart, the fords were shifty and not always safe.

Frank, a young fellow of about 25, had a job of breaking some land on the other side of the river. He had a saddle pony and desired to get to his work on the other side. Although his friends thought it risky, yet Frank thought his pony would carry him safely across the ford. Some wanted him to catch hold of the pony's tail and let the pony tow him across. But Frank mounted his trusty saddle horse and waded in. About half way across the pony lost its footing and rolled over. Frank was thrown off and came up on the gravel bar, but he seemed to have got a kick from the horse that dazed him. The water on the bar was a little above his waist. He stood for a moment and then fell over into the swift current and was seen no more.

Next year a settler was compelled to cross from the other side to get some provisions, for the children had to have something to eat and "Men must work and women must weep."

"Though the river bar be foaming," He tried the ford with a team and wagon, but unfortunately, did not chain his wagon box on, and it floated off and capsized. The team, with the bare wagon, was found next day on the shore and poor Bert was found some weeks afterwards about 18 miles further down.

About two weeks after poor Frank was drowned, we were having a Twelfth of July picnic in a grove when word came that Frank had been found, caught in the branches of an overhanging spruce. There was only one thing to do-go and get him before the swift current swept him away.

We had no undertakers. Neighbors felt it a sacred duty to help one another. To have offered money would have been an insult. Burying our

dead had not as yet been commercialized for the profit's sake. I do not cast any reflection on our undertakers. They are a necessity in the crowded cities, but we did these things out of neighborly sympathy.

While we had our little "God's acre" some miles further down yet many of the pioneers said:

"I want no silver mounted hearse. But that a student preacher read a bit of Scripture verse, and And find me some sunny hillside Where the water willow leans, And pant me on my homestead, where I hustled in my means."

And here and there as one travels through the country may be seen a small plot about four feet by twelve, fenced off with spruce poles and in it some pioneer sleeps.

Two or three of us at once left the picnic and went some distance down the river, and lodged in the branches were the remains of poor Frank. One of us crawled out on the overhanging trunk and slipped a rope around an arm and we slowly towed him to the shore. We put a sheet under him and placed him on an old stable door and took him to an uninhabited shack close by.

The task was the proudest one at best, but a pioneer spirit of brotherhood demanded it be done. Some of the neighbors drove 30 miles—15 each way for a coffin, and Pioneer D and myself were detailed to do the rest that evening in the shack.

While I am not a total abstainer yet I have never been accused of drinking, but a bottle of good Scotch was never so welcome as on that occasion when some kind-hearted and thoughtful friend slipped us one in at the door, and then "beat it" and at the conclusion of that sad and malodorous task, we hadn't so much as a sniff left in the bottom of the bottle. Robert had long and heavy whiskers and I had a heavy long moustache, which fact we both regretted, as you will see.

The hearse was a wagon and the trails were bad with many mud holes, so we had to drive some ten miles through brush, around mud holes, across creeks and muskegs to the cemetery.

Going to a soldier's funeral they play the Dead March, going away they play a lively air. Perfectly right. The human mind cannot stand being keyed up to a pitch, and even this distressing event after the funeral had a sort of grim humor. During the whole proceedings Bob and myself had both been keyed up to a pitch. After the funeral at home, the reaction set in, and sitting down to tea I was about to drink when it seemed that my moustache retained some of the odor of the shack. I got up, and taking hot water and soap, gave my moustache a good hot wash.

King Midas in vain tried to elude the golden touch by drinking in clads a cup of coffee, but the golden touch had nothing on the speed of this odor. I tried to gobble a drink quickly. It was still there. Pure nervous reaction. I went to bed suppers to dream the whole thing over again. In a day or so it wore off.

Then I thought of friend Bob with the bushy whiskers. If in his case the strength of the odor was in direct proportion to the area and man of whiskers. I was thankful I had only a moustache.

Bob lived about a mile or more from me, and having no telephone, I strolled up to see how Bob was faring. The grim humor of the thing was dawning on me.

"Good morning, Mrs R— How's Bob faring?"

"Indeed, he's not so well at all," she said. "He thinks he's got kinda pizen-ed."

Just then Bob showed up, looking kind of slim.

"What's the matter, Bob?" I queried.

"Dunno," he said. "Can't eat nothing." (Continued on page seven)

The man who lives only to amuse himself has the hardest kind of a task to perform.

"Pa, what's the difference between insurance and insurance?"

"Well, my son, the former is what the agent has, and the latter is what he tries to sell you."

Extract from evidence at a recent trial:—Counsel: "So far as you saw, she was doing her ordinary household duty?" Witness: I should say so she was talking!"

"The evil that men do lives after them"—and, what is more, their heirs have to pay considerable inheritance taxes on it.

Struggling to get rich quick keeps many a man poor.

When a man is riding a hobby it is always a good plan to give him the road.

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Chauvin Alberta

H. E. SPENCER, URGES ESTABLISHMENT OF FEDERAL RESERVE BANK

(Continued from page two)

of Canada bonds and treasury bills. It is interesting to note that when the government wants to borrow money from the banks it issues treasury bills, and to-day we have outstanding to the banks in treasury bills no less a sum than \$91,315,000. You will notice, as mentioned by the hon. member for West Calgary (Mr. Shaw), that although we charge the banks only 5 per cent on the notes issued to them against the security offered which security might be treasury bills—we pay the banks themselves for money lent against treasury bills 5-1-4 per cent. These treasury bills can again be brought back by the banks to the treasury board and the banks can obtain Dominion notes against them at 5 per cent. Otherwise you might look upon it as a sort of looping the loop.

It is rather interesting to notice that this privilege of going to the treasury board with securities and rediscounting them is open only

to the banks. It is not even open to the provincial governments. It is what you might call a bankers' bank, and I think a good deal might be done to widen the scope of the work done by the treasury board. It could very readily be taken over by such an organization as the central bank, which is being suggested. I would like to remind the house that these treasury bills which the banks hold at the present time to an amount over \$91,000,000 run only for only the short period of six months. Does it not seem absurd that the Dominion government, in making use of its credit, should not only have to go to a third party, but pay more money for its borrowings than it charges the same parties who are loaning to them, and that these notes should run only for the short period of six months?

I should like to say a few words with regard to the responsibility of note issue. The private notes are the first call upon the assets of a bank in case it fails. It is true that we have what we call a note circulation redemption fund, but it does not serve the purpose that the public for a good many years have been in the habit of believing it does. It has the impression of the public that if the bank went to the wall, all its notes would be taken care of by the note circulation redemption fund. This, however, is not the case. The fund

comes to the rescue for the time being in the shape of a loan, but the entire amount that a bank has failed can call on the fund as an asset for, is the amount it has paid into that fund. This is contrary to what has been the belief of the people of Canada generally up to a short time ago, but when the unfortunate failure of the Home Bank took place we found that the bank had outstanding some \$2,000,000 of notes, and that it had only \$100,000 in the note circulation redemption fund, and that was all it could call upon as its part of the assets of that fund. The fund was intended to be for all intents and purposes an insurance fund, but as it operates at the present time under the Bank Act, it is not an insurance fund at all, except to the extent that it is a sort of loaning agency for the time being, but the loan has to be paid back when the assets, including the deposits of the bank are realized.

Before I sit down I would like to touch on just a few of the very interesting matters that have come before us during the past two years, in the banking committee, and some of these are rather startling, particularly when we remember that last year we were informed that our Canadian banking system was so perfect that we could not amend the Bank Act with any satisfaction to the public, and that therefore it should not be amended.

It is realized to-day that there is no government guarantee behind the deposits of private banks. It has also been discovered that it is possible for the entire deposits to be seized to meet notes outstanding. It has been the impression of the depositing public for a good many years that if they put money into a bank all they had to do when they wanted to draw it out was to issue a cheque on the bank. That is true as long as the bank is running, however but this condition may be, as we have seen in the Home Bank, which has been in a bad condition for the last seven years; but when the bank closes its doors, what happens? We find that the first lien on the assets of the bank is the notes; secondly, comes the Dominion government, together with any advances made by the Treasury Board; thirdly, the provincial government, fourthly, any secured creditors,—and in the case of the Home Bank we found that they had mortgaged their buildings to a firm in New York,—and fifthly, come the depositors, who otherwise are unsecured creditors. A bank may lend an amount equal to its paid up capital to any one concern. This was proved in the case of the Home Bank and La Banque Nationale. Under the present system that could not very readily be seen, and I hope it will be checked, by the Inspector General who we hope will be appointed during the coming year. The system might be made more perfect by having a central bank of rediscount, with officials working in co-operation with that Inspector General.

We find also that today sixty per cent of the banks' capital is in bank buildings. To give an idea of the way the banks have been reduced in number (very largely because the small banks under the present system, and in the absence of a central bank

of rediscount), have little chance compared with the larger ones, we find that in 1919 Canada had 36 banks and today it has only 14. As the hon. member for Vancouver South (Mr. Ladner) mentioned, four of our Canadian banks control seventy per cent of the total deposits, and the other ten control only thirty per cent.

A government central bank,

in the opinion of many of us, should have complete control of note issue. This not only would relieve a great liability from the shoulders of the depositors, but it would be the means of bringing in a very large revenue to the government exchequer and would relieve some of the burden now resting on the shoulders of the Minister of Finance.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nysetvold Celebrate Their Golden Wedding

Many were the good wishes and congratulations showered on Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Nysetvold by members of their own family and a host of friends who gathered at the Nysetvold home at Roros on Monday, June 21st to celebrate their golden wedding.

Married in Norway in 1874, the young couple spent their first six years there, and in 1880 emigrated to the United States and settled at Pelican Rapids in Minnesota, and three years later moving to Polk county in the same state. The lure of the Canadian west proved to strong for them and in 1910 they followed their boys to Canada and

homesteaded at Roros, on which farm they still reside.

Of a family of nine children, two died in the United States and one was accidentally drowned in the Battle river, the remaining six are all boys, two of whom are married, are farming in the Roros district near their parental home.

Both Mr. and Mrs. Nysetvold are enjoying the best of health and do all the necessary work in connection with their farm.

Mr. Nysetvold is at present making some alterations and improvements in the interior of the Roros church of which he is an active member.

Our Sorrows

(Continued from page six)

blamed thing on my whiskers." "Did you wash 'em?" I asked, half a smile on my face. "Yes," he said. "I washed 'em and almost shed 'em."

"I was a mean, but my nervous reaction would be all right," he said, laughing. "Do you think so?" he said, somewhat cheerily. But he looked at his face in the mirror, and then at me and he proceeded to take a plug of tobacco from his pocket and cut a good sized chunk and place it in the proper place in his mouth.

"I see you can still chew, and that's more than I could do," I said. "Shout all I kin do," he said sorrowfully. "If we had a couple of snorts of what was in that bottle I might help some," I remarked.

"I believe it would," he said. There are still a few, a very few, of the old pioneers left, who although they have young hearts, are getting older and fewer. Their day is done, older and fewer. Their day is done. It is the evening of life. The days of sod shacks, home-made sleighs, simple funerals and winding trails are gone, and although a new generation with autos, telephones, a better radio and cooper's, market life is rising, and right so it is to be hoped that the brotherhood of the old pioneers will still persist.

Not long since I stopped at the old country. The gate had swung open and lifting it over I plodded through the thick undergrowth of the weeds, grass and peavine, overhung with poplar and willow trees, and as in some neglected spot, I read the names of pioneers I could not help repeating with apologies to Gray. Beneath these poplar trees and willows' shade, Where heaves the turf in many a mouldering heap, Each in his narrow cell forever laid The stunch forefathers of Alberta sleep. Let not ambition mock their useful

life, Their homely joys and destiny obscure, Nor grandeur hear with a disdainful smile The short but simple annals of the poor.

A little foretell talk would save much after-talk.

You never heard the bee complain Nor hear it weep and wail: But if it wished it could unfold A very painful tale.

"What sort of a fellow is he?" "Well, I'll tell you. Whenever you meet him he's out of cigarettes or matches or both."

Few men will admit they are wrong as long as there is a chance to make others believe they are right.

Travel broadens a man; but it's mostly the stay-at-homes who spread themselves.

Six Scribbles of 70 pages each for 25c at the Chauvin Pharmacy —this is not a special at all, just our regular value which we have been supplying you with for years.

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

Pursuant to the directions of the Registrar, and by virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by The Land Titles Act, under a certain mortgage, which will be produced at the time of sale, there will be offered for Sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Village of Chauvin, in the Province of Alberta, on

Saturday 18th day of August 1924 at the house of 2301 block in the afternoon, the following property: The South-East Quarter of Section 30, Township 41, Range 1, West of the 4th Meridian, in the Province of Alberta, reserving all mines and minerals.

Terms of sale to be ten per cent. cash at the time of sale, and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale, or upon application to the vendor's solicitors.

The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid, and free from all encumbrances save taxes for the current year.

The vendor is informed that the above property is situated about six and a half miles from the Village of Chauvin. There is a house and a barn on the land. The soil is sandy loam.

For further particulars and conditions of sale, apply to Jas. T. J. Collisson, Barrister, c/o B.H. McLeod Building, Edmonton, Alberta.

Dated at Edmonton, in the Province of Alberta, this 6th day of July A.D. 1924.

JAS. T. J. COLLISON
Vendor's Solicitor.

Approved: A. T. KINNAIRD, Deputy Registrar.

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Drug Store
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J.A., LL.B.
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Phone 62

Probates Administrations
UNITED SASKATCHEWAN

Dr. R. L. ST JEAN, M.V.
VETERINARY SURGEON
(Graduate, Laval University)
Specialty—Castrations, Spaying
First Avenue West
CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

MORTGAGE SALE OF FARM PROPERTY

By virtue of the Powers of Sale provided by "The Land Titles Act" there will be offered for sale by public auction at the Post Office in the Village of Chauvin, Alberta, on

SATURDAY, JULY 26th

1924, at 2.30 p.m. the following property namely:

Legal Subdivisions 3, 4, 5 & 11, 12, 14, and East Half and South-East Quarter of Legal Subdivision Thirty-four (34), in Section Thirty-four (34), Township Forty-two (42), Range One (1), West of the Fourth (4) Meridian, in the Province of Alberta, excepting the land covered by the waters of Lot No. 8, the land hereby described containing 290.30 acres, more or less; the North-East Quarter of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Forty-two (42), Range One (1), West of the Fourth (4) Meridian, in the said Province, containing 159 acres, more or less, excepting 59-100th acres, more or less taken for roadway; and the South-East Quarter of Section Thirty-four (34), Township Forty-two (42), Range One (1), West of the Fourth Meridian, in the said Province, containing 159 acres, more or less, excepting mines and minerals. Terms of sale to be ten per cent (10) cash at the time of the sale and the balance according to the terms and conditions to be made known at the time of sale or upon application to the vendor's solicitors. The above property will be offered for sale subject to a sealed reserved bid and free from all encumbrances save taxes for the current year, but subject to the lease thereof to John Pilhan. The purchaser will be entitled to the Landlord's share of the crop, viz. one third.

The Vendor is informed that there is a two storey house, a garage, a barn, a chicken coop, a granary and a lean-to on the said land, of which 300 acres are broken, and it is all fenced with three wires. There is also a good well on the land.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to the Auctioneer, George Reynolds, Chauvin, Alberta, or to

WOODS, FIELD, MACALLISTER & CHESNEY, Auctioneers
McLeod Bldg., Edmonton
(Vendor's Solicitors)
Approved: "A. T. KINNAIRD"
Dep. Registrar.

Scottish Harvesters Concert At Ribstone

In hot weather no one cares to exert himself more than is absolutely necessary. Books and magazines are mostly written with this end in view, to give healthy entertainments to the tired mind. The show staged by the Scottish Harvesters had the same purpose in view. The leader of the party being a psychologist of no mean degree, knew exactly what sort of medicine to administer to the farming people of the prairie and appliances showed that the medicine took effect.

Mr. T. W. Campbell is an entertainer of the first class order, having performed in France before Marshalls Haig and Foch. His versatility at this was much appreciated by the audience.

In light comedy he rendered "Everybody Slips a Little" in Scotch comedy he sang of his own composition "Jean McPherson" and he excelled in a dramatic recitation entitled "Mad Carew". The picture song "I'll, I Old Granmie" sang by the leader, led by G. Swan and Dick Ainscough held the audience enthralled. Mr. Walter McBeth, dancer, has been the talk of the district since the concert.

"Ye Banks and Braes" and "Old Kentucky Home" harmonised by the harvesters were beautifully rendered. The sketch however was the scream of the evening. The sketch entitled

"The Courthouse" was the production of Mr. T. W. Campbell who acted as the judge while Dick Ainscough was the counsel. G. Swan acted as the intoxicated man charged with drunkenness. Teddy Smith and Jim Russell were the police, and Art Dobson the jury. Walter McBeth acted the part of Murderer and Jack Phippen the Bismarck. Master Clasper played his part well as the boy thief, while Dick Tennant and Arthur Wilde made very fine ladies. Allan Tennant with his violin acted the part of the barrel organ. The sketch brought tears of laughter to the eyes of the audience, who departed with great words of praise for the whole show.

At the dance which followed the municipal hall was packed to the door. Miss Jenny Price and Miss Hilda Price played the piano and violin, relieved by Mr. T. W. Campbell and Mr. F. LaPlante. Mr. and Mrs. F. LaPlante deserve great thanks for the spirit which prompted them to offer the loan of their piano.

During the course of the dance Mr. W. McBeth danced the Highland fling and as an encore he answered with the Irish jig. Mr. T. Campbell sang and in answer to two encores sang, "Down on the Farm" and "Why did I Kiss that Girl!"

Chauvin Fair To Be Held August 5 Notes Of Interest To Exhibitors

Entries for the fair will be received at the Chronicle office by Mr. P. H. Perry, secretary of the Chauvin Agricultural Society, all day Saturday next, August 2.

The age limit for the special prize offered by W. T. Watson for the best boy or girl rider is 12 years.

IMPORTANT CHANGE IN G. CUNNINGHAM'S ABERDEEN PRIZE

We have requested to give publicity to the following change in the special prize offered by Gordon Cunningham.

The prizes are offered for "calves" not for yearlings.

The prize list should read as follows:—

By Gordon Cunningham: For the best grade Aberdeen Angus calf, sired by a pure bred bull; \$18.00 2nd \$2.00

Don't forget the picture show in the I.O.O.F. Hall, on the night of the fair.

The Chauvin fair is a honest local event. No such big money-making schemes as mid-ways are introduced to extract money from your purse, but on the other hand there are sports for local competitors

SPECIAL PRIZE

Special by Mr. William Cargill For best collection of small fruits 50 trees. Mr. Cargill is giving this special prize in addition to the prize he has offered which is published in the prize list.

Don't leave your entries to the last moment.

CORRECTION IN THE SPECIAL PRIZES LADIES PLEASE NOTICE

The prize given by the U.G.G. for the best loaf of bread is not for Purify Flour as stated in the prize list but is for Quaker Flour purchased from the local elevator. Other conditions are the same as stated.

RECIPES

In response to inquiries the lady directors are publishing the following recipes: for use in the manufacture of these articles as published in the Chauvin fair prize list under Domestic Manufactures.

BEAN RELISH

1 Peck of beans cut in 1 inch pieces, boil in salted water until tender, drain and cool.

Take 3 qts vinegar, 6 cups brown sugar, 1 1/2 cup mustard (seant), 1 1/2 cups flour, 2 table-spoons celery seed, 1 teaspoon turmeric, cook as salad dressing, bottle.

DIVINITY FUDGE

Put in saucepan 2 cups of white sugar 1 1/2 cup of corn syrup, 1 1/2 cup of old water.

Have the whites of 2 eggs beaten stiff in platter, heat syrup when boiled enough into eggs and vanilla and walnuts before turning into pan.

Be a booster and give the booth your patronage on Fair day.

DONATIONS REQUESTED

Lunches will be served at the booth on Fair Day, August 5th from 11 o'clock until the close of the fair. Donations of cream or milk, pies and cakes will be gratefully received by the committee in charge at the booth on Fair Day. (Pies are especially requested.)

Here and There

British Columbia's agricultural production last year increased in value \$4,000,000 over the 1922 period, figures compiled by the provincial Department of Agriculture show.

A steady increase in the volume of wheat exports from Canada is noted in the monthly statement just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. In April, 1924, 6,086,465 bushels in all were exported as against 5,143,304 in April, 1923.

It is anticipated that hundreds and thousands of visitors to the beautiful Annapolis Valley, Nova Scotia, will help to celebrate a famous fruit-district's "Apple Blossom Sunday," which falls on June 8th this year. The entire orchard belt, extending from Annapolis Royal to Windsor, a distance of about 80 miles, is always white and pink with blossom in the first part of June.

Hon. Honore Mercier, Minister of Lands and Forests, speaking of arrangements made in the province for forest protection this year, stated: "I really believe that the way the service is organized and with the good-will manifested by all classes of the community, who realize the importance of protecting your national domain, the year will be a good one and the losses reduced to a minimum."

The report of the statistician to the board of grain commissioners for April, recently issued, records the heaviest spring grain lakes shipping season on record. The report says that there are indications, that all the surplus of the western crops will be shipped as fast as transportation facilities permit, as export purchases are likely to be heavier than usual and all ocean tonnage out of Montreal for May and June has already been engaged, as well as part for the July loading.

Something new in the way of railway equipment is the new storage battery car now operating over Canadian Pacific lines between Galt and Hamilton. The car attains a speed of 35 miles per hour and makes two trips a day in each direction. It has three compartments, general, passenger, smoking and baggage, is of all-steel construction and will accommodate 50 passengers. The service is reported to be giving every satisfaction to the people of the district.

Interviewed in Vancouver as to the success of the round-the-world cruise completed on May 24th by the "Empress of Canada," E. W. Beatty, said:

"To gauge the success of the 'Empress of Canada's' round-the-world cruise one has only to ask the passengers their opinion of the entire trip. I spoke to several while crossing from Victoria and without exception they all expressed their complete satisfaction with the ship, its officers and the arrangements made and carried out since the day she left Vancouver, almost five months ago.

"That is good enough for me. It is simple demonstration that the Canadian Pacific can successfully conduct cruises in competition with any organization in the world and maintain that company's standing as a credit to Canada. The 'Empress of Canada' has carried the Canadian flag over the seven seas and into most of the world's great ports, and the missionary work she has done for Canada in the various countries touched should not be lost sight of. As one result of the undoubted success of this cruise, we look forward with renewed interest to the Canadian Pacific cruises of next season. They include the West Indies, the Mediterranean and another round-the-world cruise which will be made by the 'Empress of France,' already overhauled and fitted with a view to providing the greatest possible comfort for her passengers. The experience gained this year will greatly help in enabling us to make these cruises even more successful than those recently completed."

Tenders Invited

Tenders will be received up to 22nd of August by the undersigned for the boring or digging of a well, 3 feet in diameter, in the Village of Marsden. Removing dirt to be included. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. HESS, Secretary
Marsden Board of Trade
Marsden, Sask.

Market Prices

11.45 a.m. Wednesday July 30th

WHEAT	
No. 1. Northern	1.27
No. 2. Northern	1.24
No. 3. Northern	1.19
OATS	
No. 2. C.W.	.44
BARLEY	
No. 3. C.W.	.74
RYE	
No. 2. C.W.	.70
FLAX	
No. 1. N.W.	2.00

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE: A FORD CAR, 1921 self starter, \$250 cash. Apply L. P. Smith, Chauvin.

STRAYED TO MY PREMISES: One bay Gelding branded A and Heart on right hip, white face, two hind feet white, 2 years old. Owner can have same by paying damages at J. A. Graham's, Sec. 21-44-27w3rd, Arltland, Sask.

FOUND: AUTO LICENSE plate bearing number 23-234 Alta 1923. Owner can recover by Chauvin Chronicle.

LOST: BUNCH OF KEYS in leather case, Finder please to H. N. Freeman, Western Lumber Co. Chauvin.

FOR SALE OR TRADE FOR other stock: "Glendale Elector" No. 29000 Registered Aberdeen Angus Bull. Apply to L. Borregard, Chauvin.

STRAYED TO MY PREMISES: One oadn steer 2 yrs. old, no horns, brand unreadable. Owner pay expenses and recover animal. Fred Rae, Chauvin, Alta.

STRAYED TO MY PASTURE One black Mare about 1400 lbs. White stripes on face and four white feet. S.W. 22-44-28-w3rd Axel Gabrielson, Arltland S. sk.

TRY FISHER'S CHAUVIN BREAD

CATTLE BRANDED



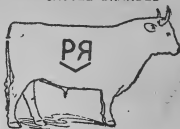
are the property of L. Borregard Chauvin.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Irving Nell 15-44-1-w4th, Chauvin, Alberta

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of R. E. Pawsey, Edgerton, Alberta

HORSES AND CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Mr. H. G. Fokins, Chauvin, Alberta

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Rohrer Bros. 4-43-2 Ribstone, Alberta



HORSES BRANDED are the property of A. E. KEITH CHAUVIN

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of Parcels and Foxwell, Chauvin, Alta

CATTLE BRANDED



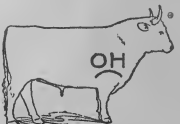
are the property of L. A. Cayford Chauvin, Alberta.

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of H. Young, Chauvin Alberta

CATTLE BRANDED



are the property of W. O. Harris & Sons, Chauvin, Alberta